Current and Voltage Controls 3-Phase Asymmetrical Control Types S 171, SY 175





- Mains network quality and load monitoring relay
- Monitors phase sequence, phase loss, phase asymmetry and phase angle
- Measures asymmetry on 3-ph. voltage without neutral
- Built-in adjustable timer function
- Knob-adjustable asymmetry sensitivity
- Output: 10 A SPDT relay
- Plug-in type module
- S-housing

Power supply Frequency —

- LED-indication for power supply and output ON
- Power supply is the 3-phased measuring voltage

Product Description

3-phase plug-in monitoring relay for phase sequence, phase loss, phase asymmetry and phase angle. Fre-

quently used to control the mains in electrical distribution systems. The S 171 module features built-in time delay.

Ordering Key S 171 156 220-50 Housing Type Output

Product Selection

Plug	Output	Timer	Frequency	Supply: 220 VAC	Supply: 380 VAC	Supply: 400 VAC	Supply: 415 VAC
Circ.	SPDT	Yes Yes	50 Hz 60 Hz	S 171 156 220-50 S 171 156 220-60			S 171 156 415-50 S 171 156 415-60
Circ.	SPDT	No No	50 Hz 60 Hz	SY 175 220-50 SY 175 220-60	SY 175 380-50 SY 175 380-60		SY 175 415-50 SY 175 415-60

Input Specifications

Input	
Pin 5	Phase L1
Pin 6	Phase L2
Pin 7	Phase L3
	measures on own supply

Supply Specifications

Power supply AC types Rated operational voltage	Overvoltage cat. III (IEC 60664) (IEC 60038)	
through pins 5, 6 & 7	220	$3 \times 220 \text{ VAC} \pm 15\%$,
		50 or 60 Hz
	380	$3 \times 380 \text{ VAC} \pm 15\%$,
		50 or 60 Hz
	400	$3 \times 400 \text{ VAC} \pm 15\%$,
		50 or 60 Hz
	415	$3 \times 415 \text{ VAC} \pm 15\%$,
		50 or 60 Hz
Voltage interruption	≤ 40 ms	
Dielectric voltage	None (supply/elect.)	
Rated impulse withstand	4 kV (1.2/50 µs) (line/neutral,	
·		line/line), direct connection
		to electronics
Rated operational power	r	3 VA

Output Specifications

ge	SPDT relay 250 VAC (rms) (cont./elect.)				
IO)	μ (micro gap)				
AC 1	10 A/250 VAC (2500 VA)				
DC 1	1 A/250 VDC (250 W)				
or	10 A/25 VDC (250 W)				
AC 15	2.5 A/230 VAC				
DC 13	5 A/24 VDC				
	≥ 30 x 10 ⁶ operations				
AC 1	≥ 2.5 x 10 ⁵ operations				
	(at max. load)				
	≤ 7200 operations/h				
Dielectric strength					
	≥ 2 kVAC (rms) (cont./elect.)				
and volt.	4 kV (1.2/50 μs) (cont./elect.) (IEC 60664)				
	AC 1 DC 1 or AC 15 DC 13				



General Specifications

Reaction time	τ = 0.2 s, worst case reaction time may be up to 5 x τ Adjustable delay on release built-in (0.2s - 10s) Note: Reaction time + set time = actual delay on release time	Environment Degree of protection Pollution degree Operating temperature	(IEC 60947-1) IP 20 B (IEC 60529) (IEC 60664) 1: S 171 380/400/415 SY 175 380/415 2: S 171 220, SY 175 220 -20° to +50°C (-4° to +122°F) -50° to +85°C (-58° to +185°F)	
Accuracy	detail detay en release time	Storage temperature		
OFF delay	10 s, -1/+3 s on max.	Weight	200 g	
	< 0,1 s on min.	Approvals	S 171 : UL, CSA, SEV	
Time function (S 171)	Delay on release 0.2-10 s. adj.	••	(SEV only 3 x 220 VAC)	
Indication for			SY 175 : UL, CSA, SEV	
Power supply ON	LED, green			

Mode of Operation

Output ON

The knob-adjustable relays detect phase asymmetries of 2 to 12% of phase-phase amplitude.

The relay operates when all three phases are present at the same time and the phase sequence is correct as well as the measured asymmetry/unbalance is below set point (2 to 12% of phase asymmetry). Phase angle failures are registered as phase asymmetry.

S 171 releases if one or more of the above factors deviate for more than the set time. SY 175 releases immediately.

If the supply voltage drops to approx. 25% of the phase-phase voltage, the relay releases without time delay.

Applications of asymmetry

I: Mains monitoring:
Phase sequence.
Phase loss.
Phase amplitude
asymmetry.

LED, red

II: Load monitoring: Phase sequence (direction of motor rotation). Fuse blowing.

Example 1 Mains network monitoring

The relay monitors phase loss, that the power supply has correct phase sequence, that all three phases are present, and that the phase asymmetry is within the preset level.

Setting

The allowed asymmetry for the mains voltage amplitudes is set on the potentiometer.

Example 2 Starting and operating load monitoring

The 3-phased monitoring relays for electrical loads ensure correct starting and operating conditions. The relays measure phase sequence and consequently the correct direction of motor rotation.

The most frequent cause of asymmetry and unbalance is fuse blowing. In this case the motor regenerates the interrupted phase. The size of the regenerated phase depends on the actual mechanical load and motor size. In this case it is a combination of phase amplitude and phase angle asymmetry, and normally the regenerated voltage will cause an asymmetry higher than 2-3%.

Setting

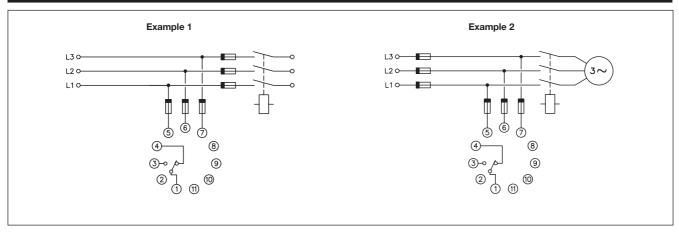
Turn the asymmetry potentiometer counterclockwise (from max.) until the relay releases.

Continue turning approx. 1 mark clockwise to ensure correct operation. At approx. 5% or less asymmetry, ensure that possible power supply variations do not result in erroneous releases.

Example:

Usupply nom. = 380 VAC Setpoint = $6\% \sim 23$ VAC Hysteresis = $1\% \sim 4$ VAC The relay is ON if all 3 phase-phase voltages are within the range of 357 to 403 VAC. The relay is OFF if one or several phase-phase voltages are higher than 403 VAC plus 1% = 410 VAC or lower than 357 less 1% = 349 VAC.

Wiring Diagrams





Time/Range Setting

Range setting

Lower potentiometer: Phase asymmetry sensitivity 2% (± 1,7%) to 12% (+4,5%, -0,5%) of phase-phase amplitude. Adjustable on absolute scale.

 \leq 2% of nominal voltage.

Time setting

Upper potentiometer (not SY 175):

Time

Adjustable time delay on release: 0.2 to 10s

Time setting on relative scale.

Accessories

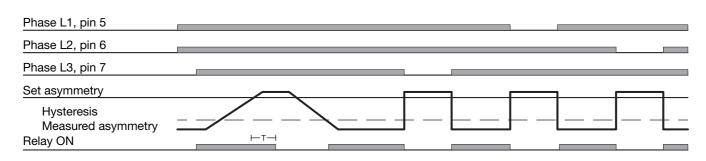
Sockets♦ S 411
Hold down spring♦ HF
Mounting rack SM 13
Socket covers BB 4
Front mounting bezel
Potentiometer lock PL 2

For further information refer to "Accessories".

Operation Diagrams

S 171

Hysteresis:



SY 175

